

# REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL

Original Date Issued: July 19, 2019

Closing Date: August 2, 2019

Decision Date: August 9, 2019

Subject: Request for Proposal Brownfields 2019/Conference Medical Services

INTERNATIONAL CITY/COUNTY MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION 777 N Capitol St. NE, Ste. 500

777 N Capitol St. NE, Ste. 500 Washington, DC 20002-4201 202.962.3680 | 202.962.3500 (f) icma.org

The International City/County Management Association (ICMA) is seeking proposals from eligible Respondents for **Conference Medical Services** for the 2019 National Brownfields Training Conference. ICMA anticipates awarding one (1) single award a result of this Solicitation. ICMA reserves the right to award more or fewer awards than anticipated above.

Technical questions concerning this solicitation should be directed to the Brownfields Conference Event Administrator Nancy Bennett at <a href="mailto:schelhornbennett@aol.com">schelhornbennett@aol.com</a> with copies to <a href="mailto:aroberts@icma.org">aroberts@icma.org</a> and <a href="mailto:workwithus@icma.org">workwithus@icma.org</a>. All contractual questions relating to this solicitation must be submitted to Representative, Grants and Contracts Administration at <a href="mailto:workwithus@icma.org">workwithus@icma.org</a> with a copy to Amy Roberts at <a href="mailto:aroberts@icma.org">aroberts@icma.org</a>. Questions are due by August 2, 2019

All communications must include the solicitation title, **Brownfields 2019/Conference Medical Services**, in the subject line

No communication intended to influence this procurement is permitted except by contacting the designated contacts above. Contacting anyone other than the designated contacts (either directly by the Respondent or indirectly through a lobbyist or other person acting on the respondent's behalf) in an attempt to influence this procurement: (1) may result in a Respondent being deemed a non-responsive Respondent, and (2) may result in the Respondent not being awarded a contract.

This solicitation in no way obligates ICMA to award a contract nor does it commit ICMA to pay any cost incurred in the preparation and submission of a proposal.

ICMA bears no responsibility for data errors resulting from transmission or conversion processes.

ICMA appreciates your responsiveness and looks forward to a mutually beneficial business relationship.

Sincerely,

Tad McGalliard Brownfields Conference Director

#### **PURPOSE**

ICMA seeks a qualified provider (firm or individual) to provide all Conference Medical Services requested within this Request for Proposal if awarded.

# ABOUT THE NATIONAL BROWNFIELDS TRAINING CONFERENCE

International City/County Management Association and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency have been working together to bring you the National Brownfields Training Conference for the past twenty years. Offered every eighteen months to two years, the conference is the largest gathering of stakeholders focused on cleaning up and reusing formerly utilized commercial and industrial properties. It is a premier venue for stakeholders and ICMA members to learn, network and grow.

ICMA is the lead non-federal co-sponsor of the conference tasked with managing the logistics, educational content and marketing of the conference.

ICMA's Dun and Bradstreet number is 072631831.

**Dates/location**: December 9 - 13, 2019 at the Los Angeles Convention Center (LACC), 1201 South Figueroa Street, Los Angeles, CA 90015

## **Past History:**

2017	December 5 – 7	David L. Lawrence Convention Center
2015	September 2 - 4	Chicago Hilton & Palmer House Hilton
2013	May 15 – 17	Georgia World Congress Center
2011	April 3 - 5	Pennsylvania Convention Center
2009	November 16-18	Morial New Orleans Convention Center

### SCOPE OF WORK

An overview of the National Brownfields Training Conference includes the following:

- 2,800-3,200 Approximate # of attendees, exhibitors, guests and staff
- Stakeholders attend for professional development and networking
- Monday, December 9: 8:00 am Set-Up
- Tuesday, December 10: Pre-conference workshops
- Wednesday, December 11 Friday, December 13: 2 ½ days of educational programming and 2 ½ days of exhibits
- Friday, December 13: Strike until 11:59pm
- Staffing, supplying equipment and providing service for Medical Services Room, Permanent Office, Level 1

General structure of events where Conference Medical Services are to be prepared to provide service are shown below:

## **Affiliate Meetings & Show Management Events**

Affiliate Meetings & Show Management Events are scheduled from Tuesday, December 10, 2019 through Friday, December 13, 2019 at the LACC. We are expecting approximately (40) Affiliate Meetings & Show Management Events during this timeframe.

## **Educational Sessions**



There will be (14) simultaneous Educational Sessions.. All Educational Sessions will be held at the LACC in the West Building on Exhibit Hall Level 1 and the Level Two Meeting Rooms. The Sessions are currently scheduled over (8) 60-minute and 30-minute programming blocks on Wednesday, December 11, 2019 through Friday, December 13, 2019.

#### **Exhibit Hall**

The Exhibit Hall will be held on the Exhibit Hall Level 1 of the LACC in West Hall A. The hall will be set with (100) 10'w x 10'l booths, a (30) board poster session, a product theatre, an area for food & beverage purchases and round tables for seating.

#### **Offices**

There will be (10) Offices, located at the LACC in the West Building on Exhibit Hall Level 1 and Level Two.

# **Plenary Sessions and Green Room**

The Opening Plenary Session and both Keynote Sessions will be held on the Exhibit Hall Level 1 of the LACC in West Hall B on Wednesday, December 11 through Friday, December 13, 2019. The audience

will be set for 3,000 attendees.

#### **Medical Service Labor**

The Medical Service Contractor will provide skilled, full-term labor requested by ICMA during set-up of the event, over event days and during tear-down of event. This service will be provided at rates inserted on attached worksheet.

# **Medical Service Reporting**

The Medical Service Contractor agrees to provide ICMA detailed daily service recap to include, but not limited to:

- \_# of individuals treated each day and approximate time of treatment
- Type of treatment: ie: band aid, aspirin, ice
- Did treatment involve an AED?
- Did a treatment involve transportation to a hospital?
- Was Show Management informed of any treatment(s)?

## **On-Site Staff Support**

One (1) medic staff person to be on-site for all setup, programming and tear-down, Monday, December 9, 2019 through Friday, December 13, 2019.

# **SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS:**

Section 1: Company Profile	Please limit to no more than two pages. CV's or résumés will not count toward the page limit.  Provide a description of your business  CV's or résumés of key personnel-in a leading paragraph, please indicate how much time each person(s) will devote to this project and what other projects this person (s) undertake at the same time.
Section 2: Approach	Do you have remote offices in California? If yes, which cities?

Will you require the use of a sub-contractor? If yes, name company.

How many events have you serviced at the Los Angeles Convention Center in the past 5 years?

Do you currently serve as the official Medical Services Contractor for the above property?

Please offer past scenarios when additional hours were billed to the client.

What other types of services/products do you provide that may be of interest to ICMA?

# **Planning the Event:**

Please list the first aid equipment you will supply.

Various ancillary groups (separate from ICMA) are permitted to hold meetings and social functions during our annual conference. Are you prepared to provide service to these groups and provide separate billing?

Would ICMA receive any discounts/rebates if these other groups utilizeyour services?

# Labor:

Are there any specific insurances you carry for medical services? Indicate the types and levels of insurance the company carries:

**Errors & Omissions Insurance:** 

Workers Compensation Insurance:

Commercial Liability Insurance:

Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance:

Other:

### **Additional Services and Products:**

Share any additional services or products not officially requested in this proposal that could be of use or interest to ICMA.

# Section 3. Pricing

1. On the attached worksheet, provide an itemized listing of your proposed pricing. State where there may be extra fees for either customizations or extra services.

### CONTRACT TERM AND DELIVERY DATES

ICMA expects to award a one event term. Final delivery dates will be negotiated upon award.

# **EVALUATION AND AWARD PROCESS**

Offers will be evaluated based upon:

- 1. ability to match the qualifications set forth in this solicitation
  - a. section 1 (10%)
  - b. section 2 (45%)
  - c. section 3 (45%)

ICMA reserves the right to award under this solicitation without further negotiations. The respondents are encouraged to offer their best terms and prices with the original submission.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE RESPONDENTS

Respondents interested in providing the services described above should submit a proposal following the prescribed format in the Submission Requirements section of this RFP. Adherence to the proposal format by all respondents will ensure a fair evaluation with regard to the needs of ICMA. Respondents who do not follow the prescribed format may be deemed non-responsive. A letter transmitting the proposal must be signed by an officer of the firm authorized to bind the respondent as required by this solicitation.

- 1. Transmission letter
- 2. Package no more than 15 pages excluding CV's or resumes and required forms
- 3. Completed and signed required forms

Packages must be submitted electronically to Representative, Grants and Contracts Administration at <a href="workwithus@icma.org">workwithus@icma.org</a> with copies to <a href="schelhornbennett@aol.com">schelhornbennett@aol.com</a> and <a href="mailto:aroberts@icma.org">aroberts@icma.org</a>. Place "Brownfields 2019/Medical Services" in the subject line. No phone calls please.

Applications received after the closing date stated on the top of page 1 will be rejected.

# **APPENDICES (REQUIRED FORMS)**

W-9

New Vendor Form

### **GENERAL CONDITIONS**

Proposal Submission - Late proposals and proposals lacking the appropriate completed forms will be returned. Faxed proposals will not be accepted. Proposals will not be accepted at any other ICMA location other than the email address above. If changes are made to this solicitation, notifications will be sent to the primary contact provided to ICMA from each Respondent.

Proprietary Information - Careful consideration should be given before confidential information is submitted to ICMA as part of your proposal. Review should include whether it is critical for evaluating a proposal, and whether general, non-confidential information, may be adequate for review purposes. Information submitted to ICMA that the Respondent wishes to have treated as proprietary and confidential trade secret information, should be identified and labeled "Confidential" or "Proprietary" on each page at the time of disclosure. This information should



include a written request to except it from disclosure, including a written statement of the reasons why the information should be excepted. However, ICMA cannot guarantee the confidentiality of any information submitted.

Contract Award - ICMA anticipates making one award under this solicitation. It may award a contract based on initial applications without discussion, or following limited discussion or negotiations. Each offer should be submitted using the most favorable cost and technical terms. ICMA may request additional data or material to support applications. ICMA expects to notify Respondents in approximately one week from the proposal due date whether your proposal has been selected to receive an award.

Limitation - This solicitation does not commit ICMA to award a contract, pay any costs incurred in preparing a proposal, or to procure or contract for services or supplies. ICMA reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals received, to negotiate with all qualified sources, or to cancel in part or in its entirety the solicitation when it is in ICMA's best interest.

Disclosure Requirement - The Respondent shall disclose any indictment for any alleged felony, or any conviction for a felony within the past five years, under the laws of the United States or any state or territory of the United States, and shall describe circumstances for each.

When a Respondent is an association, partnership, corporation, or other organization, this disclosure requirement includes the organization and its officers, partners, and directors or members of any similarly governing body. If an indictment or conviction should come to the attention of ICMA after the award of a contract, ICMA may exercise its stop-work right pending further investigation, or terminate the agreement.

No Gifts - It is ICMA's Policy that no gifts of any kind and of any value be exchanged between respondents and ICMA personnel. Discovery of the same will be grounds for disqualification of the vendor from participation in any ICMA's procurements and may result in disciplinary actions against ICMA personnel involved in such discovered transactions.

Equal Opportunity - In connection with the procurement of the specified services, the firm warrants that it shall not discriminate because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, political affiliation, non-disabling physical and mental disability, political status, matriculation, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, genetic information, status as a veteran, physical handicap, age, marital status or any other characteristic protected by law.

Small and Disadvantaged Businesses – ICMA shall use good faith efforts to provide contracting and procurement opportunities for SDB's. SDB categories include minority business enterprises (MBE), woman-owned business enterprises (WBE), small veteran and disabled, veteran owned businesses, Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs), predominantly Hispanic Universities (HACUs), small businesses in Historically Under-utilized Zones (HUB Zones) and private voluntary organizations (PVOs) principally operated and managed by economically disadvantaged individuals.

# **EXAMPLE TERMS & CONDITIONS**

# SERVICE AGREEMENT TERMS AND CONDITIONS

# **SAMPLE**

These Terms and Conditions are effective as of the last date signed below (the Effective Date), by and between [CONTRACTOR] (Contractor), a/an [STATE OF INCORPORATION] corporation, with its principal place of business at [ADDRESS] and THE INTERNATIONAL CITY/COUNTY MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION (ICMA), a Washington, D.C. nonprofit corporation, with its principal place of business at 777 North Capitol Street NE, Suite 500, Washington, DC 20002. Contractor and ICMA are sometimes referred to individually as a Party and collectively as the Parties.

WHEREAS, Contractor delivers certain professional services, including, but not limited to, [DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES OFFERED BY CONTRACTOR]; and

WHEREAS, ICMA wishes to obtain such professional services.

NOW, THEREFORE, intending to be legally bound hereby, and for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

### 1. SERVICES PROVIDED

## 1.1 Statement of Work.

- (a) Contractor will provide professional services (the Services) as specified in the statement of work (Statement of Work) agreed to by the Parties from time to time. Together, these Terms and Conditions and the Statement of Work shall constitute the Agreement. The Statement of Work shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: (a) the responsibilities of the Contractor, including a description of the Services and Work Product (as defined in the "Intellectual Property" Section); (b) the commencement and termination dates of the Services; and (c) fees, expenses and a payment schedule. Both Parties must approve and execute the Statement of Work for such Statement of Work to be in effect.
- (b) <u>Changes</u>. Additions or modifications to the Statement of Work may be accomplished through the use of a Change Order as defined below. A Change Order must be in writing and signed by both Parties in order to be effective. The procedure for creating a Change Order is as follows: (a) Either Party shall submit a written request to the other Party specifying the additions or modifications to the Statement of Work desired (the Change Notice); (b) after the exchange of such Change Notice, the Contractor shall submit a change order proposal (the Change Order) to ICMA which shall include a description of the work, any additional fees and any changes to the delivery dates. Upon ICMA's written signature to the Change Order, the Change Order will become part of the Agreement. Without a Change Order, ICMA shall have no duty to make payment for any additional work performed.

1.2 Personnel.



- (a) <u>ICMA approval</u>. The Services provided by Contractor may be performed by Contractor's employees or subcontractors. ICMA shall have the right to approve all personnel including subcontractors assigned to perform Services under this Agreement, and Contractor shall not replace personnel or subcontractors without ICMA's prior written approval.
- (b) <u>Replacement of personnel</u>. In the event that any personnel performing Services hereunder are found to be unacceptable to ICMA for any reason, ICMA shall notify Contractor in writing, and Contractor shall, at ICMA's request, either provide a qualified replacement or take appropriate corrective action. Contractor agrees to provide ICMA with written notification two weeks before replacing any project personnel. Two weeks advance notice is not required where immediate termination is clearly necessary to protect the interest of the project. However, in such cases, Contractor shall notify ICMA promptly. In all cases, ICMA must approve in writing changes to any personnel assigned to perform work under this Agreement.
- (c) <u>No payment for training</u>. In the event that Contractor provides replacement personnel for any reason, Contractor shall not charge ICMA for the time required to train the replacement until such personnel are familiar with the particular project and all work done prior thereto, so that such replacement personnel are capable of performing the Services as efficiently as the replaced personnel at the time of departure.
- 1.3 <u>Subcontractors</u>. Contractor agrees that in the event it hires or works with any subcontractor to perform any of the Services under the Agreement, Contractor shall ensure that such subcontractors are bound by the terms of this Agreement, including, where necessary, executing an addendum to existing contracts between Contractor and subcontractor. At a minimum, as part of an addendum or otherwise, Contractor shall notify the subcontractor in writing, in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, of the following ICMA requirements: (a) subcontractor is prohibited from using names, logos, or other marks owned by or associated with ICMA for any purpose, including marketing, advertising or publicity without ICMA's prior written consent; (b) subcontractor shall comply with all applicable laws in the performance of the Services for which it has been engaged by Contractor; (c) subcontractor shall not disclose or use information about ICMA for purposes other than performing the Services for which it has been engaged by Contractor; (d) subcontractor shall assign to ICMA all of its right, title, and interest in and to any Work Product; and (e) subcontractor shall carry appropriate insurance coverage as applicable, and shall supply proof of its insurance coverage such as a Certificate of Insurance at the request of Contractor.
- 1.4 <u>Background Checks</u>. Contractor agrees that prior to Contractor or its Personnel, if any, being permitted to begin performing Services for ICMA on ICMA's premises, Contractor shall certify that it has performed a background check (Background Check) verifying the following records: (i) Social Security number; (ii) county criminal records; (iii) national criminal records; (iv) and credit check, if appropriate, and that Contractor and any Personnel have successfully passed the Background Check. In the following situations, Contractor shall also perform and verify a credit check on Contractor and any Personnel: where the position involves fiscal responsibilities or access to confidential or sensitive information; where the work to be performed requires access to ICMA's networks, equipment, and/or facilities; or where Contractor and any Personnel's access or work is similar to that of ICMA employees.

In the event that Contractor has not performed a Background Check on Contractor or its Personnel proposed for assignment to work in or on ICMA's premises (or that any Background Check(s) performed by Contractor are not satisfactory to ICMA) Contractor agrees that: (i) ICMA may perform the Background Check at its own expense and (ii) Contractor and any Contractor Personnel who do not consent to the required Background Check will not be permitted to perform services on ICMA's premises. In the event that ICMA determines, subject to applicable law, based upon a review of the Background Check materials, that the proposed Personnel do not meet ICMA's minimum acceptable standards, Contractor agrees that such Personnel shall not perform services for ICMA and Contractor

ICMA

shall supply other Personnel for ICMA's consideration. In the event Contractor fails the Background Check, ICMA may terminate this Project Agreement.

### 2. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND LICENSES PROVIDED

- 2.1 <u>Intellectual Property</u>. Work product consists of the deliverables and other materials, including drafts thereof, prepared by Contractor or subcontractor(s), if any, to carry out the Services under this Agreement (Work Product). Contractor represents and warrants to ICMA that the Work Product is the original Work Product of Contractor and/or subcontractor and that it does not infringe any third party's intellectual property rights. ICMA shall own all right, title and interest in the Work Product. Contractor agrees that the Work Product is a "work made for hire" for ICMA under Section 101 of Title 17 of the United States Code as it now stands or as later amended. If the Work Product is deemed not to be a "work made for hire," Contractor does hereby sell, transfer, assign and deliver to ICMA and its successors and assigns forever, all of Contractor's right, title and interest, including all copyright interest, in the Work Product, in all forms, including, but not limited to, written or electronic form. In order to effectuate the ownership provision of this Agreement, Contractor shall obtain from any subcontractors, in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, an assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the Work Product, including all copyrights, created by subcontractors in favor of ICMA. Contractor and subcontractor shall promptly take any actions that ICMA may reasonably request in connection with this assignment.
- 2.2 <u>Contractor Property</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Contractor shall retain sole and exclusive ownership of and all right, title and interest in all intellectual property of Contractor existing prior to Contractor's performance of the Services. In addition, nothing herein is intended to restrict Contractor's right to use any and all ideas, concepts, expertise, know-how and learnings Contractor may discover, acquire or develop during the provision of Services which is of general application and does not contain any ICMA Confidential Information or other ICMA-specific information (all of the foregoing the Contractor Property). To the extent the Work Product contains Contractor Property or requires the use of Contractor Property, Contractor grants to ICMA (including ICMA contractors and grantees) the irrevocable, perpetual, nonexclusive, worldwide, royalty-free, paid-up right and license for ICMA's business purpose to use, execute, reproduce, display, perform, modify, and distribute copies of such Contractor Property, as reasonably required in conjunction with ICMA's business.
- 2.3 <u>Third-Party Licenses</u>. To the extent the Work Product contains third-party intellectual property, Contractor agrees to obtain on behalf of ICMA an irrevocable, perpetual, nonexclusive, worldwide right and, where possible, royalty-free license to use the third-party intellectual property. If Contractor is unable to obtain such a license, Contractor shall inform ICMA in writing.
- 2.4 <u>Infringing Work Product</u>. If the Work Product becomes, or in Contractor's reasonable opinion is likely to become, the subject of any claim or action, then Contractor shall either, at Contractor's election: (a) procure for ICMA the right to continue using the Work Product as contemplated hereunder; (b) modify, subject to ICMA's written consent, the Work Product to render same non-infringing (provided such modification does not adversely affect ICMA's use as determined by ICMA); or (c) subject to ICMA's written consent, replace same with equally suitable, functionally equivalent, compatible non-infringing Work Product. If none of the foregoing is commercially reasonable or acceptable to ICMA, ICMA shall have the right to terminate and Contractor shall be considered to have materially breached this Agreement. Upon such termination, and without waiver of any other rights and remedies available to ICMA, Contractor shall refund to ICMA all amounts paid by ICMA for any nonconforming Work Product.

## 3. PAYMENTS

3.1 <u>Payment Terms</u>. Subject to the payment schedule set forth in the Statement of Work, ICMA will make payments within thirty (30) days from the date on which ICMA receives a complete



invoice. To be complete, invoices must be submitted by e-mail to TBD with a copy to [INSERT NAME and email], and must contain at least the following information:

- description of services;
- fees;
- expenses with receipts attached, if applicable; and
- any other information required by the Agreement.

Contractor's failure to remit a complete invoice will postpone the date for ICMA's payment accordingly. If ICMA disputes an invoice, ICMA will notify Contractor of the dispute within thirty (30) days of the date on which ICMA receives the invoice.

## 4. TERM AND TERMINATION

- 4.1 <u>Term.</u> These Terms and Conditions shall go into effect on the Effective Date and shall terminate on **TERMINATION DATE** (Termination Date).
- 4.2 <u>Material Breach Termination.</u> If either Party is in material breach of any of its obligations under either the Terms and Conditions or the Statement of Work, the other Party may give written notice of termination (First Notice), and, unless the breaching Party cures such material breach within fifteen (15) days after its receipt of the First Notice, the notifying Party shall have the right to terminate the Agreement effective immediately upon delivery of written final notice of termination. Termination of the Terms and Conditions operates as a termination of the Agreement. Termination of the Agreement hereunder shall not relieve either Party of any obligations that had accrued through the effective date of the termination.
- 4.3 <u>Non-Breach Termination</u>. Either Party may at any time and without cause terminate this Agreement in full by giving thirty (30) days written notice of termination to the other Party.
- 4.4 <u>Payment at Termination</u>. Upon non-breach termination of the Agreement, ICMA shall pay Contractor for all Services rendered under the Statement of Work prior to the date of termination, and Contractor shall provide to ICMA any completed or in-progress Work Product. If Contractor terminates, Contractor shall cooperate with and shall pay ICMA for any reasonable costs of transitioning the Services to a new Contractor. ICMA shall use reasonable efforts to secure a new Contractor.

#### 5. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 5.1 <u>Confidential Information</u>. The Parties acknowledge that it will be necessary for each of them to disclose or make available to each other both verbal information and materials in hard copy, digital or electronic form (collectively, the Confidential Information) that may be confidential or proprietary or may contain valuable trade secrets, and that such information may already have been disclosed prior to the Effective Date. All information which Contractor or its employees receives from ICMA in connection with the Services (for example, all information related to ICMA's finances, accounting, human resources, grantees, charitable projects, prospects and donors) shall be considered ICMA's Confidential Information. All information Contractor designates in writing as confidential shall be considered Contractor's Confidential Information. All Confidential Information made available hereunder, including copies thereof, shall be returned or destroyed upon the written request of the disclosing Party.
- 5.2 <u>Non-Disclosure</u>. Each of the Parties agrees: (a) to use commercially reasonable efforts to protect the Confidential Information of the other Party from unauthorized use or

disclosure and to use at least the same degree of care with regard thereto as it uses to protect its own Confidential Information of a like nature, including advising employees of the confidentiality obligations imposed on such employees by this section; (b) to use and reproduce the Confidential Information of the other Party only as permitted under this Agreement or as needed to perform its duties hereunder; and (c) not to disclose or otherwise permit access to the Confidential Information of the other Party to any third party, without the other Party's prior written consent.

- 5.3 <u>Exceptions</u>. Confidential Information does not include information that: (a) is already, or otherwise becomes, publicly known by third parties as a result of no act or omission of the receiving Party; (b) is lawfully received, after disclosure hereunder, from a third party having the right to disseminate the information without restriction in disclosure; or (c) can be shown by the receiving Party to have been independently developed by such Party prior to the execution of this Agreement. Any Party asserting that information is not Confidential Information by virtue of any of (a) through (c) hereof shall have the burden of proof on such issue.
- 5.4 <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. The Parties agree that any breach by either Party or any of its officers, directors, or employees of any provisions of this Section may cause immediate and irreparable injury to the other Party and that, in the event of such breach, the injured Party will be entitled to seek injunctive relief as well as any and all other remedies available at law or in equity.
- 5.5 <u>Judicial/Legal Request</u>. If either Party receives a subpoena or other validly issued administrative or judicial process requesting Confidential Information of the other Party (Legal Request), it shall provide prompt notice to the other of such receipt so that Party may seek to obtain a protective order requiring that the Confidential Information not be disclosed. If the other Party fails to obtain a protective order, or chooses not to pursue one, the Party receiving the Legal Request shall thereafter be entitled to comply with it to the extent permitted by law. The receiving Party shall nevertheless use reasonable efforts to minimize such disclosure.

## 6. WARRANTIES

### 6.1 Contractor Warranties.

- (a) Contractor represents and warrants that: (i) the Services shall be performed and the Work Product produced in a professional manner consistent with reasonable commercial standards in its industry; (ii) its employees and subcontractors shall be experienced, properly trained or otherwise qualified and capable of performing the Services; and (iii) there is no outstanding contract, commitment or agreement to which Contractor is a Party, or legal impediment of any kind known to Contractor, which conflicts with this Agreement or might limit, restrict or impair the rights granted hereunder.
- (b) Contractor represents and warrants that: (i) it has and will have all rights, titles, licenses, permissions and approvals necessary to perform its obligations under this Agreement; (ii) any intellectual property, in whole or in part, provided, created or used by it and/or its subcontractors, if any, under this Agreement, does not and will not infringe, violate or in any manner contravene or breach any patent, trademark, copyright, license or other property or proprietary right of any third party, or constitute the unauthorized use or misappropriation of a trade secret of any third party (collectively, Unauthorized Use); (iii) Contractor has received no claims or charges of Unauthorized Use; and (iv) Contractor has no reason to believe that its use under this Agreement of any such

intellectual property, in whole or in part, will constitute an Unauthorized Use.

- (c) Contractor represents and warrants that the Work Product will substantially conform to the functionality and/or other objective requirements, including acceptance criteria, provided by ICMA or described in the Statement of Work.
- (d) Contractor represents and warrants that the Work Product shall not knowingly contain any computer code (i) designed to disrupt, disable, harm, or otherwise impede in any manner, including aesthetical disruptions or distortions, the operation of the Work Product, or any of ICMA's other computer systems which include associated software, firmware, hardware, computer system or network (sometimes referred to as "viruses" or "worms"), (ii) that would disable the Work Product or computer systems or impair in any way its operation based on the elapsing of a period of time, exceeding an authorized number of copies, advancement to a particular date or other numeral (sometimes referred to as "time bombs", "time locks", or "drop dead" devices) or (iii) that would permit ICMA to access the Work Product or computer systems to cause such disablement or impairment (sometimes referred to as "traps", "access codes" or "trap door" devices), or any other similar harmful, malicious or hidden procedures, routines or mechanisms which would cause such programs to cease functioning or to damage or corrupt data, storage media, programs, equipment or communications, or otherwise interfere with operations.
- 6.2 ICMA Warranties. ICMA represents and warrants that there is no outstanding contract, commitment or agreement to which ICMA is a party, or legal impediment of any kind known to ICMA, which conflicts with this Agreement or might limit, restrict or impair the rights granted hereunder.

## 7. INDEMNIFICATION

- 7.1 <u>Contractor Indemnification</u>. Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless ICMA and its officers, directors, employees, agents, affiliates and contractors from and against any and all claims, liabilities, damages, losses, expenses, demands, suits and judgments, including without limitation reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, arising from or relating to a) Contractor's breach of any provision, representation, warranty, covenant or obligation under this Agreement; b) Contractor's performance under this Agreement; c) the intentional misconduct or negligent acts or omissions of Contractor, its employees, agents, contractors or consultants in connection with the performance of its obligations under this Agreement.
- 7.2 <u>Misclassification Release and Indemnification</u>. In the event that any federal, state or local government or administrative agency, or other regulatory entity, or any court determines that Contractor or any personnel of Contractor, or of a subcontractor thereof, acted as an employee of ICMA in performing Services, Contractor: (i) waives any and all claims that Contractor may have as a result of any such determination and acknowledges that Contractor agreed to render Services under this Agreement with the understanding that neither Contractor nor any employee of Contractor (nor any employee of any subcontractor of Contractor) has any right or entitlement to any benefit under any of ICMA's employee benefit plans or programs; and (ii) agrees to indemnify and hold ICMA harmless from all liabilities, costs and expenses (including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred by ICMA as a result of, or related to, such a determination.
- 7.3 <u>Claim Procedures</u>. To receive the foregoing indemnities, the Party seeking indemnification must notify the other in writing as soon as reasonably practicable of a claim or suit and provide reasonable cooperation and full authority to defend or settle the claim or suit. The

indemnifying Party shall be entitled to control the handling of any such claim and to defend or settle any such claim, in its sole discretion, with counsel of its own choosing, provided however that any settlement of a claim other than one that contains a full release of all claims and liabilities of the indemnified Party requires the prior written consent of the indemnified Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

8. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: NEITHER PARTY WILL HAVE ANY LIABILITY TO THE OTHER PARTY OR TO ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOST PROFITS OR OTHER SIMILAR DAMAGES PURSUANT TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY STATEMENT OF WORK, EVEN IF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES COULD HAVE BEEN FORESEEN BY SUCH PARTY. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY CONTRARY PROVISION HEREOF, INCLUDING SECTION 7 (INDEMNIFICATION), UNLESS THE RESULT OF GROSS NEGLIGANCE OR WILLFUL MISCONDUCT, IN NO EVENT SHALL ICMA'S LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT EXCEED THE AMOUNTS PAYABLE TO CONTRACTOR HEREUNDER.

## 9. INSURANCE

- 9.1 Contractor is required to procure and maintain, at its sole expense, for itself and its employees, and shall require any subcontractors it may engage to maintain the following insurance coverages:
- (a) <u>General Liability Insurance</u> covering bodily injury, property damage and contractual liability with limits of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$2,000,000 products/completed aggregate, \$1,000,000 personal and advertising, \$2,000,000 aggregate. ICMA shall be added as an additional insured to Contractor's general liability insurance policy. Contractor's general liability insurance policy shall be primary and ICMA's insurance shall not contribute until Contractor's insurance is exhausted.
- (b) <u>Workers Compensation and Employers' Liability</u> in accordance with the statutory requirements of the state or states in which Contractor is providing Services, and employer's liability insurance of not less than \$1,000,000 each accident for bodily injury by accident, and \$1,000,000 each employee and policy limit for bodily injury by disease.
- (c) <u>Commercial Auto Liability Insurance</u> with a \$1,000,000 combined single limit covering owned, hired, and non-owned autos. ICMA shall be added as an additional insured to Contractor's auto liability insurance policy. Contractor's auto liability insurance policy shall be primary and ICMA's insurance shall not contribute until Contractor's insurance is exhausted.
- (d) <u>Professional Liability Insurance</u> with a minimum limit of \$3,000,000 each claim/aggregate.
- (e) <u>Umbrella Liability Insurance</u> with a \$3,000,000 limit. The umbrella liability insurance policy shall be in excess of the general liability and auto liability insurance policies. ICMA shall be added as an additional insured to Contractor's umbrella liability insurance policy. Contractor's umbrella liability insurance policy shall be primary and ICMA's insurance shall not contribute until Contractor's insurance is exhausted.



9.2 Contractor and its general liability and workers' compensation insurance carriers shall waive subrogation rights against ICMA. Contractor will ensure that its insurance carrier will notify ICMA within thirty (30) days if any of Contractor's policies are canceled, not renewed, or materially altered. Contractor agrees to notify ICMA promptly in writing of any claim by a third party arising from the performance of the Agreement or any incident or event which may give rise to a claim arising from the performance of the Agreement. Certificates of insurance evidencing the required coverages must be submitted to ICMA before the work or services begin.

### 10. DISPUTES

10.1 Dispute Resolution. The Parties shall endeavor to settle all claims, controversies, or disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement involving threatened, alleged, or actual breach of the Agreement, including without limitation, any claim, controversy, or dispute concerning any determination, negotiation, or agreement to be reached by the Parties under this Agreement (hereinafter, the "Dispute") by alternative dispute resolution under the then applicable current rules of the American Arbitration Association (hereinafter, "AAA") procedure in effect on the date of this Agreement. Unless otherwise agreed, the Parties will select one single arbitrator. The costs of the arbitration shall be shared equally between the parties, except that each party shall be responsible for its own attorneys' fees and costs in preparing and presenting its case. Any dispute which remains unresolved thirty (30) days after the appointment of an arbitrator shall be settled by binding arbitration by a sole arbitrator in accordance with applicable AAA rules in effect on the date of this Agreement. The arbitration shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S. C. Section 1-16 to the exclusion of state laws inconsistent therewith, and judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered by any court having jurisdiction thereof. The place of arbitration shall be in Washington, DC. The arbitrator is not empowered to award punitive damages or damages in excess of compensatory damages and each party hereby irrevocably waives any right to recover such punitive damages or excess damages.

10.2 Continue to Perform. The Parties will continue to perform under this Agreement during the Dispute Resolution Process.

#### 11. GENERAL

Independent Contractors. Contractor is an independent contractor for ICMA, and no partnership, joint venture or employee-employer relationship is intended or created by this Agreement. Neither Party shall have the power to obligate or bind the other Party. ICMA acknowledges that Contractor retains the right to control the details of the work. Contractor fully accepts the responsibility to determine how and by whom the work will be done and acknowledges that personnel supplied by Contractor shall work exclusively for Contractor and shall not, for any purpose, be considered employees or agents of ICMA. Contractor agrees that all such personnel shall be informed that they are employees or contractors solely of Contractor (or of a subcontractor if applicable) and not entitled to benefits (including, without limitation, fringe benefits such as medical or dental insurance, workers' compensation, disability income, social security taxes and benefits, federal unemployment compensation taxes, state unemployment insurance benefits and federal income tax withholding) normally provided to ICMA employees. Contractor assumes full responsibility for the acts of such personnel while performing services hereunder and shall be solely responsible for their supervision, direction and control. Contractor is responsible for providing the necessary office space, equipment, supplies and other facilities in connection with the performance of the work set forth in the Statement of Work. Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed to discourage or prohibit Contractor from providing services to or soliciting business from clients in addition to ICMA.



- 11.2 <u>ICMA Policies</u>. Contractor has access to, read and agrees to abide by <u>ICMA's Code of Conduct</u>. Contractor agrees that any and all violations of this provision shall constitute a material breach of this Agreement.
- 11.3 <u>No Use of ICMA Name for Marketing</u>. Contractor agrees not to use the names, logos or any other marks owned by or associated with ICMA for marketing or advertising purposes, or on any form of publicity (including in Contractor's publicly distributed client lists, on Contractor's Web site or in any of Contractor's other promotional materials) without the prior written consent of ICMA in each instance.
- 11.4 <u>Governing Law.</u> The courts in the District of Columbia will have exclusive jurisdiction over any and all disputes arising out of, or in any way related to this Agreement, and Contractor shall submit to the personal jurisdiction of those courts. The laws of the District of Columbia shall apply to any such disputes without regard to any conflict of law principles.
- 11.5 <u>Amendment.</u> Any changes made to this Agreement, including the Statement of Work, whether initiated by Contractor or ICMA, will be effective only if documented by both parties in writing.
- 11.6 <u>Assignment</u>. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary, ICMA may assign all or any part of its right, title and interest in this Agreement, provided ICMA gives notice to Contractor of any such assignment. Contractor may not assign this Agreement, in whole or in part, without ICMA's prior written consent.
- 11.7 <u>No Third-Party Benefit</u>. The provisions of this Agreement are for the sole benefit of the Parties hereto. This Agreement confers no rights, benefits, or claims upon any person or entity not a Party hereto.
- 11.8 <u>Complete Agreement</u>. This Agreement is the Parties' final and binding expression of their agreement and the complete and exclusive statement of its terms. This Agreement cancels, supersedes and revokes all prior negotiations, representations and agreements between the Parties, whether oral or written, relating to the subject matter of this Agreement.
- 11.9 <u>Headings and Subsections</u>. Section headings are provided for reference and do not constitute part of this Agreement.
- 11.10 <u>Construction</u>. For purposes of construction, to the extent any provision of the Statement of Work conflicts with these Terms and Conditions, the Terms and Conditions shall govern unless otherwise set forth in writing in the Statement of Work.
- 11.11 <u>Construction in Favor of Joint Drafters</u>. If an ambiguity or question of intent arises with respect to any provision of this Agreement, the Agreement will be construed as if drafted jointly by the Parties and no presumption or burden of proof will arise favoring or disfavoring either Party by virtue of authorship of any of the provisions of this Agreement.
- 11.12 <u>Severability; No Waiver</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, the remaining provisions will continue in full force without being impaired or invalidated in any way. The Parties agree to replace any invalid provision with a valid provision, which most closely approximates the intent and economic effect of the invalid provision. The waiver by either Party of a breach of any provision of this Agreement will not operate or be interpreted as a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

- 11.13 <u>Force Majeure</u>. Either Party shall be excused from performance and shall not be liable for any delay, in whole or in part, caused by the occurrence of any contingency beyond the reasonable control either of the excused Party or its subcontractors or suppliers including, but not limited to, terrorism, war, sabotage, insurrection, riot or other act of civil disobedience, act of public enemy, failure or delay in transportation, act of any government or any agency or subdivision thereof affecting the terms hereof, accident, fire, explosion, flood, severe weather or other act of God, or shortage of labor or fuel or raw materials.
- 11.14 <u>Contractor's Authority</u>. Contractor represents and warrants that (a) it has the corporate, statutory or other power and authority to enter into this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder; (b) the person who executes this Agreement on behalf of Contractor has the necessary authority to bind Contractor; and (c) neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement, nor the performance of its obligations hereunder, will constitute a violation of, a default under, or conflict with any term of any applicable governance documents such as a certificate of incorporation, bylaws or other agreements to which it is bound.
- 11.15 <u>Notices</u>. All legal notices, requests and other communications that a Party is required or elects to deliver (not including invoices as described in the "Payment Terms" Section), shall be in writing and shall be delivered personally, or by electronic mail (provided such delivery is confirmed), or by a recognized overnight courier service or by United States mail, first-class, certified or registered, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to the other Party at its address set forth below or to such other address as such Party may designate by notice given pursuant to this section:

If to ICMA: Sabina Agarunova

Chief Financial Officer

777 North Capitol St., NE, Suite 500

Washington, DC 20002

202-962-3547

sagarunova@icma.org

with a copy to: Lisa Kralovic

Grants and Contracts Manager 777 North Capitol St., NE, Suite 500

Washington, DC 20002

<mark>202-962-3520</mark> <u>lkralovic@icma.org</u>

If to Contractor: [CONTRACTOR NAME]

[CONTRACTOR STREET ADDRESS]

CONTRACTOR CITY, STATE AND ZIP CODE

[CONTRACTOR PHONE] [CONTRACTOR E-MAIL]

- 11.16 <u>Survival</u>. The "Intellectual Property and Licenses Provided", "Confidentiality", "Indemnification", and "General" Sections shall survive any termination or expiration of this Agreement.
- 11.17 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which shall be taken together and deemed to



be one instrument. Faxed and PDF counterpart signatures are sufficient to make this Agreement effective.

- 11.18 <u>Compliance with Laws</u>. Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, regulations or rules.
- 11.19. <u>Anti-Terrorism</u>. By signing this Agreement, Contractor certifies that it does not and will not promote or engage in violence or terrorism. Further, Contractor agrees that it shall at all times comply with all relevant laws prohibiting transactions with individuals and organizations associated with terrorism, including, without limitation, Executive Order 13224 and the Patriot Act. Without limitation, Contractor agrees that prior to incurring and making any payment pursuant to this Agreement, it will ensure that the payee is not on the "Specially Designated Nationals" list maintained by the United States Department of the Treasury, or on a terrorist list maintained by the United Nations.

By signing this Agreement, the Parties acknowledge that they have read and agree to these Terms and Conditions.

For: [CONTRACTOR]	For: International City/County Management Association
Signature:	Signature:
Name:	Name:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:





# Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

intornar	overlad corvide			
	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.			
page 2.	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above			
s on	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only <b>one</b> of the following seven by Individual/sole proprietor or Corporation Scorporation Partnersingle-member LLC	/estate 4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3):  Exempt payee code (if any)		
tyk	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, I	P=partnership) ►	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
single-member LLC  Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)  Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner.  Other (see instructions)				
Pri c Ir	☐ Other (see instructions) ►		(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)	
oecifi	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester	's name and address (optional)	
See <b>S</b> k	6 City, state, and ZIP code			
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)	-		
Par	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)			
	our TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on lin	io i to avoia	ocial security number	
backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>				
TIN or	page 3.	OI		
	the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart	on page 4 for	mployer identification number	
guidelines on whose number to enter.				
Part	Certification			
Under	penalties of perjury, I certify that:			
1. The	number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am w	aiting for a number	to be issued to me); and	
Ser	not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholdice (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report alonger subject to backup withholding; and			
3. I ar	a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and			
4. The	FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA	A reporting is corre	ot.	
becau interes genera	ation instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by a you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real est paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contrily, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certions on page 3.	ate transactions, ite butions to an indivi	em 2 does not apply. For mortgage dual retirement arrangement (IRA), and	
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ►		
	•			

#### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

**Future developments.** Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

#### **Purpose of Form**

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

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**Note.** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
  - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

#### **Backup Withholding**

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

#### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN.
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships above.

#### What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

#### **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

#### **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

### **Specific Instructions**

#### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note. ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

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#### Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

#### Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

#### Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

#### Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1-An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
  - 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- $3-\!A$  state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- $4-\!\mbox{A}$  foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
  - 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- $7\!-\!\mathrm{A}$  futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
  - 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9-An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
  - 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
  - 11-A financial institution
- $12\!-\!A$  middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
  - 13-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for	
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7	
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.	
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4	
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>	
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
- B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
  - G—A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of
- I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
- J-A bank as defined in section 581
- K-A broker
- L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
- M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

**Note.** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

#### Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

#### Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

#### Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note.** See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at <a href="https://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/businesses">www.irs.gov/businesses</a> and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

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#### Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

## What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual     Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee'  The actual owner'
<ol><li>Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual</li></ol>	The owner <sup>3</sup>
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (B))	The trust

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 2. \*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

#### **Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft**

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

## **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.



# Leaders at the Core of Better Communities

Vendor Information	
Vendor Name:	TIN/SSN:
Address:	
State:	Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:
Contact:	Email:
Invoice Remittance Address	same as above
Address:	
State:	Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:
Contact:	Email:
Corporation	Partnership
Medical Corporation	Non-Resident
Sole Proprietorship/Independent Contractor	Government Entity
Tax Exempt Organization under IRS (501) Rules	1099
American Indian Owned	Veteran Owned Business
HUB Zone Firm*	Service Disabled Veteran Owned
Small Business	Disabled
Large Business (500+)	Nonprofit Organization
Disadvantaged Business**	Sheltered
Woman Owned Business	Foreign Supplier
Limited Liability Company	Historically Black College/University

777 North Capitol Street, NE Suite 500 Washington, DC 20002-4201 202 289 4262 202 962 3500 fax icma.org

<sup>\*</sup> FAR Clause 52.219-1(d) (2) Under 15 U.S.C 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9 or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references sections 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall: (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment or both; (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment and (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act. \*\*Hub Zone and Small Disadvantaged Business must provide a copy of their certificate with this form.