# CARRI and the Community Resilience System

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## Where we are

• "[We have] . . . seen many anomalies in disaster sites, including immediate adjacent communities with markedly different post-event experiences. We have seen millions of dollars directed at activities with no apparent long-term benefits to the community. Some locales get better, some get worse, and a few wither away." (Alesch, 2001 1-2)



## CARRI — How did we get here?

How can we assess community resilience?

How can we enhance it?



Partnership among MS universities, ORNL and SRNL

2007-09

**Communities:** 

Charleston,

SC

Gulfport, MS Memphis, TN

# Community Resilience System Initiative

National collaborative effort to develop a system to achieve more resilient communities





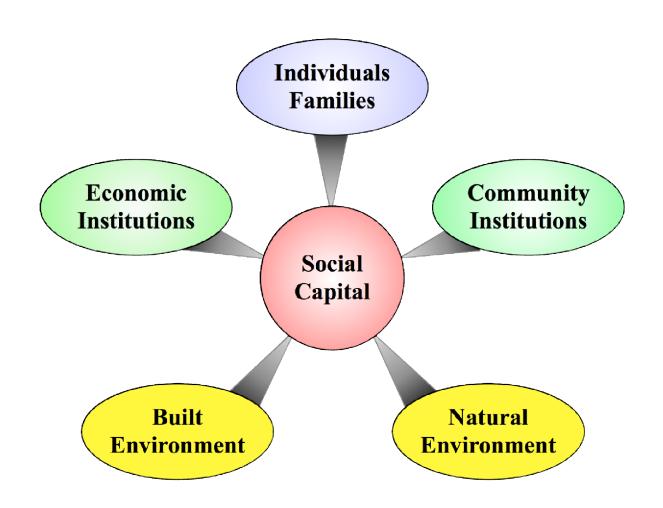
2009-11

## Threats to our communities

- Growing complexity
- Accelerating rate of change
- New spectrum of threats
- Great Recession
- Demographic shifts
- Unrealistic expectations
- Loss of valuable personnel, including managers



## Bases for CRS: Community ecosystem





## **Bases for CRS: Whole community**

#### Human

Individuals and
Families;
Communications;
Public Health;
Education;
Arts, Entertainment
and Recreation

#### **COMMUNITY SERVICES**

#### Institutions

Local Government; Public Safety and Security; Communications; Community Records; Economic; Financial; Workforce; Food Supply/

and Distribution

#### **Environment**

Natural Environment; Transportation; Water; Energy; Solid Waste; Housing



#### **Bases for CRS: Community risk management**



of a crisis becoming a disaster

#### **VULNERABILITY**

Probability x Consequences

Probability of crisis not controllable Consequences are; depend on Community

- Governance
- Leadership
- Social capital
- Location of critical assets
- Status of critical assets
- Preparedness

AND ON

Nature and severity of crisis

#### **RESILIENCE**

Absorptive capacity + Coping ability

Absorptive capacity depends on

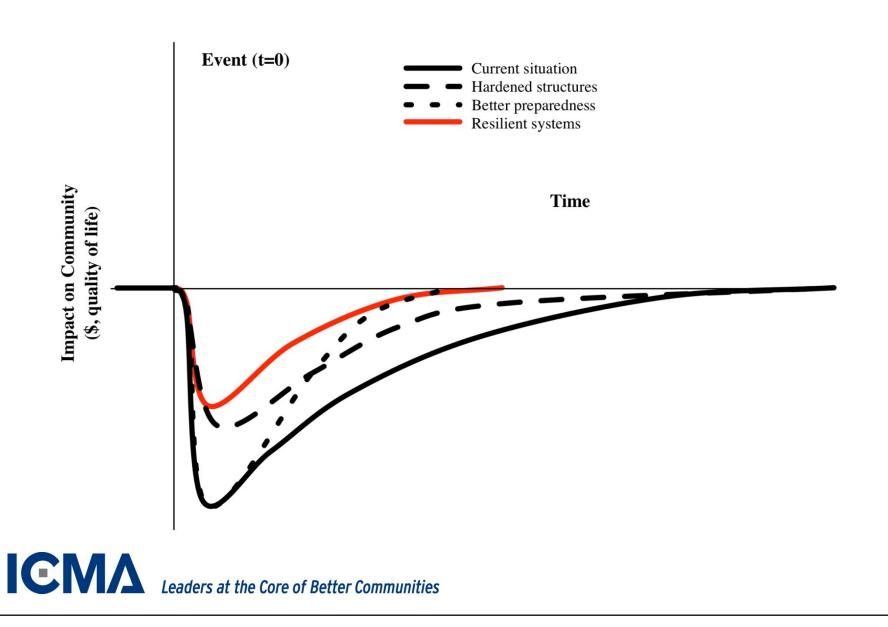
- Nature of crisis
- · Leadership
- Social capital
- Preparedness
- · Status of critical assets

Coping ability depends on

- Nature of crisis
- Governance
- Leadership
- Social capital
- Resources



# **Bases for CRS: Recovery**



## **Bases for CRS: Value Proposition**



Are more *competitive* – nationally and globally

Are more vital – higher quality of life; more confident

Are less crisis-prone; the chronic doesn't't become acute

When disrupted, recover rapidly using fewer resources; with little loss of economic or social vitality

Have greater control of their own destinies – rely less on limited federal resources; find opportunities in crises

May also realize tangible value

Insurability and/or lower insurance rates

**New businesses** 

More credit-worthy



## What is the Community Resilience System?



#### **Organize**

Form Leadership Team that engages entire community

#### **Assess**

Identify strengths, weaknesses, assets, distinctive community character, connections, threats

#### **Plan**

Develop realistic vision/goals, and an action plan

#### **Implement**

Mobilize community to take actions

Periodically monitor progress, and alter course as necessary

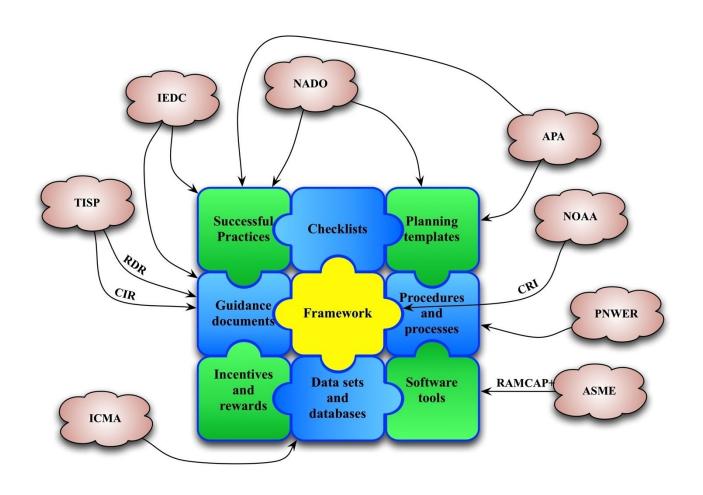


# **Community Resilience System**





### CRS integrates guidance from many sources...





# **CRS** Implementation

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- Web accessible (not downloaded)
- PC, Mac and hopefully iPad
- Browsers: IE, Safari, Firefox
- Guided and Direct Navigation
  - Flexible and easy to move around system
  - Have a SIMPLE way to find information
  - Protected workspace
  - •Help, Email, mentoring ... available on every page



# **Development of CRS**

- Development by four teams
  - Community leaders working group
  - Subject matter working group
  - Resilient benefits group (federal gov't, insurers, bankers)
  - CARRI staff
- Development of this integrated "Whole of Community" system nearing completion
  - •Kickoff 9/8 (Tenth Anniversary of 9/11 Summit)
  - •Pilot Communities selected:
    - •Anaheim, California; Anne Arundel County and Annapolis, Maryland; Charleston and the Tri-County Area, South Carolina; Gadsden, Alabama; Greenwich, Connecticut; the Mississippi Gulf Coast; and Mount Juliet, Tennessee.

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## **Critical Success Factors**

- .....
- Engage the community (be inclusive)
- Do the analysis
- Focus on strengths (assets)
- Write it down (have a plan)
- Enable and empower emerging leaders



## It takes a community to be resilient...

- "Normally it is left to us first responders to put Humpty Dumpty back together again. We can only do so much; it has to be a community effort – both government and the private sector.
- We didn't build our cities by government alone, and when something big happens, government will never be able to do it alone." --- Pat Sullivan, Fire Chief, Gulfport



## Contact us:

For more information about the CRS please contact: <a href="mailto:info@resilientus.org">info@resilientus.org</a>, or 803-257-1760

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